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ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1101

DIGEST OF HB 1101 (Updated March 2, 2006 3:29 pm - DI 106)

Citations Affected: IC 4-33; IC 16-22; IC 24-4; IC 24-4.9; IC 35-32; IC 35-41; IC 35-43; IC 35-50; noncode.

Synopsis: Security breach disclosure and identity deception. Provides that a person that owns or licenses certain unreducted or unencrypted personal information concerning Indiana residents that is contained in a computerized data base must disclose to those Indiana residents without unreasonable delay a security breach in the computerized data base (including the unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that have been transferred to another medium) if the security breach could cause the Indiana residents to become victims of identity theft, identity deception, or fraud. Requires a database owner who is required to make a disclosure concerning a security breach to more than 1,000 persons (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2006.

Walorski, Ruppel, Noe, Tincher

(SENATE SPONSORS — HERSHMAN, STEELE, LANANE)

January 5, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Safety and Homeland

January 19, 2006, amended, reported — Do Pass.
January 23, 2006, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
January 26, 2006, read third time, passed. Yeas 92, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 1, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.

11 Matters.
February 9, 2006, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 23, 2006, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.
February 24, 2006, engrossed.
February 27, 2006, returned to second reading.
March 1, 2006, reread second time, amended, ordered engrossed.
March 2, 2006, engrossed, read third time, passed. Yeas 49, nays 0. Committee of One.



to notify each credit reporting bureau of the security breach. Specifies that a person that maintains a computer data base but does not own or license the personal information contained in the data base must notify the data base owner if there is a security breach in the data base. Provides that a data base owner with a privacy plan drafted to comply with certain federal statutes may comply with that plan instead of these provisions if that plan meets the federal requirements, and permits a data base owner with its own privacy plan to comply with its own plan instead of these provisions if its plan is at least as stringent as these provisions or a plan that complies with certain federal statutes. Authorizes the attorney general to bring an action to enforce the disclosure requirements. Makes certain information that relates to a license application submitted to the Indiana gaming commission confidential. Provides that a person who disposes of a customer's unencrypted, unredacted personal information without first shredding, incinerating, mutilating, or erasing the personal information commits a Class C infraction. Enhances the offense to a Class A infraction for a second or subsequent offense, or if the person has unlawfully disposed of the personal information of more than 100 customers. Includes as personal information certain information collected as part of a license or permit application. Provides that a person who unlawfully obtains the identifying information of a deceased person commits identity deception. Makes identity deception a Class C felony if a person unlawfully obtains the identities of more than 100 persons or the fair market value of the fraud or harm caused by the identity theft is at least \$50,000. Makes possession of a card skimming device with the intent to commit identity deception or fraud a Class D felony and a Class C felony if the device is possessed with the intent to commit terroristic deception. Permits a court to enter a restitution order requiring a person convicted of identity deception to reimburse the victim for additional expenses that arise or are discovered after sentencing or after the entry of a restitution order. Grants a court a five year period in which to order a person convicted of identity deception to pay additional restitution. Provides that a person who commits the offense of identity deception may be tried in any county in which any element of the offense occurs. Provides that jurisdiction for cases of identity deception lies in Indiana if the victim resides in Indiana. Imposes certain fiduciary obligations on members of the governing board of a county hospital, and specifies that if a hospital governing board has two physician members, only one physician member is required to be an active member of the medical staff of the hospital.







Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1101

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning commercial law.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 4-33-5-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2006]:
4	Sec. 1.5. The following information submitted, collected, or
5	gathered as part of an application to the commission for a license
6	is confidential for purposes of IC 5-14-3-4:
7	(1) Any information concerning a minor child of an applicant.
8	(2) The Social Security number of an applicant or the spouse
9	of an applicant.
10	(3) The home telephone number of an applicant or the spouse
11	of an applicant.
12	(4) An applicant's birth certificate.
13	(5) An applicant's driver's license number.
14	(6) The name or address of a previous spouse of the applicant

(7) The date of birth of the spouse of an applicant.



1	(8) The place of birth of the spouse of an applicant.
2	(9) The personal financial records of an applicant or the
3	spouse or minor child of an applicant.
4	SECTION 2. IC 4-33-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other law,
6	upon written request from a person, the commission shall provide the
7	following information to the person:
8	(1) Except as provided in section 1.5 of this chapter, the
9	information provided under section 1 of this chapter concerning
10	a licensee or an applicant.
11	(2) The amount of the wagering tax and admission tax paid daily
12	to the state by a licensed owner or an operating agent.
13	(3) A copy of a letter providing the reasons for the denial of an
14	owner's license or an operating agent's contract.
15	(4) A copy of a letter providing the reasons for the commission's
16	refusal to allow an applicant to withdraw the applicant's
17	application.
18	SECTION 3. IC 16-22-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 10. (a) An individual
20	is not prohibited from serving as a member of the governing board if
21	the member:
22	(1) has a pecuniary interest in; or
23	(2) derives a profit from;
24	a contract or purchase connected with the hospital. However, the
25	member shall disclose the interest or profit in writing to the board and
26	provide a copy to the state board of accounts. The member shall abstain
27	from voting on any matter that affects the interest or profit.
28	(b) The governing board shall adopt a written conflict of interest
29	policy that meets the requirements of subsection (a). The written
30	conflict of interest policy may contain other requirements as
31	determined by the board.
32	(c) A member of a governing board who violates this section or
33	the written conflict of interest policy described in subsection (b)
34	may be removed from the governing board by action of the board.
35	(d) The county executive may not:
36	(1) reappoint to a governing board; or
37	(2) appoint to a governing board;
38	an individual who violates this section or the written conflict of
39	interest policy described in subsection (b) while serving or after
40	serving as a member of a governing board.
41	SECTION 4. IC 16-22-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
42	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2006]:
2	Chapter 2.5. Standards for Members of a Governing Board
3	Sec. 1. (a) A member of a governing board shall, based on facts
4	then known to the member, discharge the member's duties as
5	follows:
6	(1) In good faith.
7	(2) With the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like
8	position would exercise under similar circumstances.
9	(3) In a manner the member reasonably believes to be in the
10	best interests of the hospital.
11	(b) In discharging the member's duties, a member may rely on
12	information, opinions, reports, or statements, including financial
13	statements and other financial data, if prepared or presented by
14	one (1) of the following:
15	(1) A person whom the member reasonably believes to be
16	reliable and competent in the matters presented.
17	(2) Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to
18	matters the member reasonably believes are within the
19	person's professional or expert competence.
20	(c) A member is not acting in good faith if the member has
21	knowledge concerning a matter in question that makes reliance
22	otherwise permitted by subsection (b) unwarranted.
23	Sec. 2. All proprietary and competitive information concerning
24	the county hospital is confidential. A member of a governing board
25	may not disclose confidential information concerning the county
26	hospital to any person not authorized to receive this information.
27	Sec. 3. (a) A member of a governing board who violates this
28	chapter may be removed from the governing board by action of the
29	board.
30	(b) The county executive may not:
31	(1) reappoint to a governing board; or
32	(2) appoint to a governing board;
33	an individual who violated this chapter while serving or after
34	serving as a member of a governing board.
35	Sec. 4. (a) A licensed physician is eligible for appointment to a
36	county hospital governing board only if the physician is an active
37	member of the medical staff of the hospital or holds a position that
38	is equivalent to being an active member of the medical staff of the
39	hospital.
40	(b) A physician who is terminated from the medical staff of the

hospital is removed from the governing board by operation of law. (c) A physician whose clinical privileges or staff membership



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1	privileges have been significantly reduced shall be removed from	
2	the governing board by action of the board.	
3	(d) If a hospital governing board has two (2) physician members	
4	under IC 16-22-2-7 or IC 16-22-2-8, only one (1) physician member	
5	must be an active member of the medical staff of the hospital or	
6	hold a position that is equivalent to being an active member of the	
7	medical staff of the hospital.	
8	SECTION 5. IC 24-4-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
9	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
0	1, 2006]:	
1	Chapter 14. Persons Holding a Customer's Personal	
2	Information	
3	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to the following:	
4	(1) The executive, judicial, or legislative department of state	
.5	government or any political subdivision.	
6	(2) A unit (as defined in IC 36-1-2-23).	
7	(3) The office of county auditor.	U
8	(4) The office of county treasurer.	
9	(5) The office of county recorder.	
20	(6) The office of county surveyor.	
21	(7) A county sheriff's department.	
22	(8) The office of county coroner.	
23	(9) The office of county assessor.	
24	(10) A person who engages in the business of waste collection,	
25	except to the extent the person holds a customer's personal	
26	information directly in connection with the business of waste	
27	collection.	
28	(11) A person who maintains and complies with a disposal	V
29	program under:	
30	(A) the federal USA Patriot Act (P.L.107-56);	
31	(B) Executive Order 13224;	
32	(C) the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act (18 U.S.C.	
3	2721 et seq.);	
4	(D) the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681	
55	et seq.);	
66	(E) the federal Financial Modernization Act of 1999 (15	
57	U.S.C. 6801 et seq.); or	
8	(F) the federal Health Insurance Portability and	
19	Accountability Act (HIPAA) (P.L.104-191);	
10	if applicable.	
1	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "customer" means a person who:	
12	(1) has:	



1	(A) received; or
2	(B) contracted for;
3	the direct or indirect provision of goods or services from
4	another person holding the person's personal information; or
5	(2) provides the person's personal information to another
6	person in connection with a transaction with a nonprofit
7	corporation or charitable organization.
8	The term includes a person who pays a commission, a consignment
9	fee, or another fee contingent on the completion of a transaction.
10	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "dispose of" means to discard or
11	abandon the personal information of a customer in an area
12	accessible to the public. The term includes placing the personal
13	information in a container for trash collection.
14	Sec. 4. For purposes of this chapter, personal information is
15	"encrypted" if the personal information:
16	(1) has been transformed through the use of an algorithmic
17	process into a form in which there is a low probability of
18	assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or
19	key; or
20	(2) is secured by another method that renders the personal
21	information unreadable or unusable.
22	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a
23	partnership, a corporation, a limited liability company, or another
24	organization.
25	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "personal information" has the
26	meaning set forth in IC 24-4.9-2-10. The term includes information
27	stored in a digital format.
28	Sec. 7. (a) For purposes of this chapter, personal information is
29	"redacted" if the personal information has been altered or
30	truncated so that not more than the last four (4) digits of:
31	(1) a driver's license number;
32	(2) a state identification number; or
33	(3) an account number;
34	is accessible as part of personal information.
35	(b) For purposes of this chapter, personal information is
36	"redacted" if the personal information has been altered or
37	truncated so that not more than five (5) digits of a Social Security
38	number are accessible as part of personal information.
39	Sec. 8. A person who disposes of the unencrypted, unredacted
40	personal information of a customer without shredding,

incinerating, mutilating, erasing, or otherwise rendering the

information illegible or unusable commits a Class C infraction.



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1	However, the offense is a Class A infraction if:	
2	(1) the person violates this section by disposing of the	
3	unencrypted, unredacted personal information of more than	
4	one hundred (100) customers; or	
5	(2) the person has a prior unrelated judgment for a violation	
6	of this section.	
7	SECTION 6. IC 24-4.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
8	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,	
9	2006]:	
10	ARTICLE 4.9. DISCLOSURE OF SECURITY BREACH	
11	Chapter 1. Application	
12	Sec. 1. This article does not apply to:	
13	(1) a state agency (as defined in IC 4-1-10-2); or	
14	(2) the judicial or legislative department of state government.	
15	Chapter 2. Definitions	
16	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this	
17	article.	
18	Sec. 2. (a) "Breach of the security of a system" means	
19	unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises	
20	the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal information	
21	maintained by a person. The term includes the unauthorized	
22	acquisition of computerized data that have been transferred to	
23	another medium, including paper, microfilm, or a similar medium,	
24	even if the transferred data are no longer in a computerized	
25	format.	
26	(b) The term does not include the following:	
27	(1) Good faith acquisition of personal information by an	
28	employee or agent of the person for lawful purposes of the	V
29	person, if the personal information is not used or subject to	
30	further unauthorized disclosure.	
31	(2) Unauthorized acquisition of a portable electronic device on	
32	which personal information is stored, if access to the device is	
33	protected by a password that has not been disclosed.	
34	Sec. 3. "Data base owner" means a person that owns or licenses	
35	computerized data that includes personal information.	
36	Sec. 4. "Doing business in Indiana" means owning or using the	
37	personal information of an Indiana resident for commercial	
38	purposes.	
39	Sec. 5. Data are encrypted for purposes of this article if the	
40	data:	
41	(1) have been transformed through the use of an algorithmic	
12	process into a form in which there is a law probability of	



1	assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or
2	key; or
3	(2) are secured by another method that renders the data
4	unreadable or unusable.
5	Sec. 6. "Financial institution" means a financial institution as
6	defined in:
7	(1) IC 28-1-1-3, other than a consumer finance institution
8	licensed to make supervised or regulated loans under
9	IC 24-4.5; or
10	(2) 15 U.S.C. 6809(3).
11	Sec. 7. "Indiana resident" means a person whose principal
12	mailing address is in Indiana, as reflected in records maintained by
13	the data base owner.
14	Sec. 8. "Mail" has the meaning set forth in IC 23-1-20-15.
15	Sec. 9. "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business
16	trust, an estate, a trust, a partnership, an association, a nonprofit
17	corporation or organization, a cooperative, or any other legal
18	entity.
19	Sec. 10. "Personal information" means:
20	(1) a Social Security number that is not encrypted or
21	redacted; or
22	(2) an individual's first and last names, or first initial and last
23	name, and one (1) or more of the following data elements that
24	are not encrypted or redacted:
25	(A) A driver's license number.
26	(B) A state identification card number.
27	(C) A credit card number.
28	(D) A financial account number or debit card number in
29	combination with a security code, password, or access code
30	that would permit access to the person's account.
31	The term does not include information that is lawfully obtained
32	from publicly available information or from federal, state, or local
33	government records lawfully made available to the general public.
34	Sec. 11. (a) Data are redacted for purposes of this article if the
35	data have been altered or truncated so that not more than the last
36	four (4) digits of:
37	(1) a driver's license number;
38	(2) a state identification number; or
39	(3) an account number;
40	is accessible as part of personal information.
41	(b) For purposes of this article, personal information is
42	"redacted" if the personal information has been altered or



1	truncated so that not more than five (5) digits of a Social Security	
2	number are accessible as part of personal information.	
3	Chapter 3. Disclosure and Notification Requirements	
4	Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in section 4(c), 4(d), and 4(e) of	
5	this chapter, after discovering or being notified of a breach of the	
6	security of a system, the data base owner shall disclose the breach	
7	to an Indiana resident whose:	
8	(1) unencrypted personal information was or may have been	
9	acquired by an unauthorized person; or	
10	(2) encrypted personal information was or may have been	1
11	acquired by an unauthorized person with access to the	
12	encryption key;	
13	if the data base owner knows, should know, or should have known	
14	that the unauthorized acquisition constituting the breach has	
15	resulted in or could result in identity deception (as defined in	
16	IC 35-43-5-3.5), identity theft, or fraud affecting the Indiana	4
17	resident.	•
18	(b) A data base owner required to make a disclosure under	
19	subsection (a) to more than one thousand (1,000) consumers shall	
20	also disclose to each consumer reporting agency (as defined in 15	
21	U.S.C. 1681a(p)) information necessary to assist the consumer	
22	reporting agency in preventing fraud, including personal	
23	information of an Indiana resident affected by the breach of the	
24	security of a system.	
25	Sec. 2. A person that maintains computerized data but that is	
26	not a data base owner shall notify the data base owner if the person	
27	discovers that personal information was or may have been	1
28	acquired by an unauthorized person.	
29	Sec. 3. (a) A person required to make a disclosure or notification	1
30	under this chapter shall make the disclosure or notification without	
31	unreasonable delay. For purposes of this section, a delay is	
32	reasonable if the delay is:	
33	(1) necessary to restore the integrity of the computer system;	
34	(2) necessary to discover the scope of the breach; or	
35	(3) in response to a request from the attorney general or a law	
36	enforcement agency to delay disclosure because disclosure	
37	will:	
38	(A) impede a criminal or civil investigation; or	
39	(B) jeopardize national security.	
40	(b) A person required to make a disclosure or notification under	
41	this chapter shall make the disclosure or notification as soon as	



possible after:

1	(1) delay is no longer necessary to restore the integrity of the
2	computer system or to discover the scope of the breach; or
3	(2) the attorney general or a law enforcement agency notifies
4	the person that delay will no longer impede a criminal or civil
5	investigation or jeopardize national security.
6	Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a data base
7	owner required to make a disclosure under this chapter shall make
8	the disclosure using one (1) of the following methods:
9	(1) Mail.
10	(2) Telephone.
11	(3) Facsimile (fax).
12	(4) Electronic mail, if the data base owner has the electronic
13	mail address of the affected Indiana resident.
14	(b) If a data base owner required to make a disclosure under
15	this chapter is required to make the disclosure to more than five
16	hundred thousand (500,000) Indiana residents, or if the data base
17	owner required to make a disclosure under this chapter determines
18	that the cost of the disclosure will be more than two hundred fifty
19	thousand dollars (\$250,000), the data base owner required to make
20	a disclosure under this chapter may elect to make the disclosure by
21	using both of the following methods:
22	(1) Conspicuous posting of the notice on the web site of the
23	data base owner, if the data base owner maintains a web site.
24	(2) Notice to major news reporting media in the geographic
25	area where Indiana residents affected by the breach of the
26	security of a system reside.
27	(c) A data base owner that maintains its own disclosure
28	procedures as part of an information privacy policy or a security
29	policy is not required to make a separate disclosure under this
30	chapter if the data base owner's information privacy policy or
31	security policy is at least as stringent as the disclosure
32	requirements described in:
33	(1) sections 1 through 4(b) of this chapter;
34	(2) subsection (d); or
35	(3) subsection (e).
36	(d) A data base owner that maintains its own disclosure
37	procedures as part of an information privacy, security policy, or
38	compliance plan under:
39	(1) the federal USA Patriot Act (P.L. 107-56);
40	(2) Executive Order 13224;
41	(3) the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act (18 U.S.C. 2781



et seq.);

1	(4) the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
2	seq.);
3	(5) the federal Financial Modernization Act of 1999 (15 U.S.C.
4	6801 et seq.); or
5	(6) the federal Health Insurance Portability and
6	Accountability Act (HIPAA) (P.L. 104-191);
7	is not required to make a disclosure under this chapter if the data
8	base owner's information privacy, security policy, or compliance
9	plan requires that Indiana residents be notified of a breach of the
10	security of a system without unreasonable delay and the data base
11	owner complies with the data base owner's information privacy,
12	security policy, or compliance plan.
13	(e) A financial institution that complies with the disclosure
14	requirements prescribed by the Federal Interagency Guidance on
15	Response Programs for Unauthorized Access to Customer
16	Information and Customer Notice or the Guidance on Response
17	Programs for Unauthorized Access to Member Information and
18	Member Notice, as applicable, is not required to make a disclosure
19	under this chapter.
20	(f) A person required to make a disclosure under this chapter
21	may elect to make all or part of the disclosure in accordance with
22	subsection (a) even if the person could make the disclosure in
23	accordance with subsection (b).
24	Chapter 4. Enforcement
25	Sec. 1. (a) A person that is required to make a disclosure or
26	notification in accordance with IC 24-4.9-3 and that fails to comply
27	with any provision of this article commits a deceptive act that is
28	actionable only by the attorney general under this chapter.
29	(b) A failure to make a required disclosure or notification in
30	connection with a related series of breaches of the security of a
31	system constitutes one (1) deceptive act.
32	Sec. 2. The attorney general may bring an action under this
33	chapter to obtain any or all of the following:
34	(1) An injunction to enjoin future violations of IC 24-4.9-3.
35	(2) A civil penalty of not more than one hundred fifty
36	thousand dollars (\$150,000) per deceptive act.
37	(3) The attorney general's reasonable costs in:
38	(A) the investigation of the deceptive act; and
39	(B) maintaining the action.
40	Chapter 5. Preemption
41	Sec. 1. This article preempts the authority of a unit (as defined
42	in IC 36-1-2-23) to make an enactment dealing with the same



1	subject matter as this article.	
2	SECTION 7. IC 35-32-2-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
3	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
4	1, 2006]: Sec. 6. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a person who commits	
5	the offense of identity deception may be tried in a county in which:	
6	(1) the victim resides; or	
7	(2) the person:	
8	(A) obtains;	
9	(B) possesses;	
10	(C) transfers; or	
11	(D) uses;	
12	the information used to commit the offense.	
13	(b) If:	
14	(1) a person is charged with more than one (1) offense of	
15	identity deception; and	
16	(2) either:	
17	(A) the victims of the crimes reside in more than one (1)	
18	county; or	
19	(B) the person performs an act described in subsection	
20	(a)(2) in more than one (1) county;	
21	the person may be tried in any county described in subdivision (2).	
22	SECTION 8. IC 35-41-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2005,	
23	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
24	JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "Indiana" includes:	
25	(1) the area within the boundaries of the state of Indiana, as set	
26	forth in Article 14, Section 1 of the Constitution of the State of	
27	Indiana;	
28	(2) the portion of the Ohio River on which Indiana possesses	V
29	concurrent jurisdiction with the state of Kentucky under Article	
30	14, Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana; and	
31	(3) the portion of the Wabash River on which Indiana possesses	
32	concurrent jurisdiction with the state of Illinois under Article 14,	
33	Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.	
34	(b) A person may be convicted under Indiana law of an offense if:	
35	(1) either the conduct that is an element of the offense, the result	
36	that is an element, or both, occur in Indiana;	
37	(2) conduct occurring outside Indiana is sufficient under Indiana	
38	law to constitute an attempt to commit an offense in Indiana;	
39	(3) conduct occurring outside Indiana is sufficient under Indiana	
40	law to constitute a conspiracy to commit an offense in Indiana,	
41	and an overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy occurs in	
42	Indiana;	



1	(4) conduct occurring in Indiana establishes complicity in the
2	commission of, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit, an offense
3	in another jurisdiction that also is an offense under Indiana law;
4	(5) the offense consists of the omission to perform a duty imposed
5	by Indiana law with respect to domicile, residence, or a
6	relationship to a person, thing, or transaction in Indiana;
7	(6) conduct that is an element of the offense or the result of
8	conduct that is an element of the offense, or both, involve the use
9	of the Internet or another computer network (as defined in
10	IC 35-43-2-3) and access to the Internet or other computer
11	network occurs in Indiana; or
12	(7) conduct:
13	(A) involves the use of:
14	(i) the Internet or another computer network (as defined in
15	IC 35-43-2-3); or
16	(ii) another form of electronic communication;
17	(B) occurs outside Indiana and the victim of the offense
18	resides in Indiana at the time of the offense; and
19	(C) is sufficient under Indiana law to constitute an offense in
20	Indiana.
21	(c) When the offense is homicide, either the death of the victim or
22	bodily impact causing death constitutes a result under subsection
23	(b)(1). If the body of a homicide victim is found in Indiana, it is
24	presumed that the result occurred in Indiana.
25	(d) If the offense is identity deception, the lack of the victim's
26	consent constitutes conduct that is an element of the offense under
27	subsection (b)(1). If a victim of identity deception resides in
28	Indiana when a person knowingly or intentionally obtains,
29	possesses, transfers, or uses the victim's identifying information, it
30	is presumed that the conduct that is the lack of the victim's consent
31	occurred in Indiana.
32	SECTION 9. IC 35-43-5-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Except as
34	provided in subsection (b), (c), a person who knowingly or
35	intentionally obtains, possesses, transfers, or uses the identifying
36	information of another person, including the identifying information
37	of a person who is deceased:
38	(1) without the other person's consent; and
39	(2) with intent to:
40	(A) harm or defraud another person;
41	(B) assume another person's identity; or
42	(C) profess to be another person;



1	commits identity deception, a Class D felony.	
2	(b) However, the offense defined in subsection (a) is a Class C	
3	felony if:	
4	(1) a person obtains, possesses, transfers, or uses the	
5	identifying information of more than one hundred (100)	
6	persons; or	
7	(2) the fair market value of the fraud or harm caused by the	
8	offense is at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).	
9	(b) (c) The conduct prohibited in subsection subsections (a) and (b)	
10	does not apply to:	
11	(1) a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age who uses the	┫
12	identifying information of another person to acquire an alcoholic	
13	beverage (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-5);	
14	(2) a minor (as defined in IC 35-49-1-4) who uses the identifying	
15	information of another person to acquire:	
16	(A) a cigarette or tobacco product (as defined in IC 6-7-2-5);	
17	(B) a periodical, a videotape, or other communication medium	
18	that contains or depicts nudity (as defined in IC 35-49-1-5);	
19	(C) admittance to a performance (live or film) that prohibits	
20	the attendance of the minor based on age; or	
21	(D) an item that is prohibited by law for use or consumption by	
22	a minor; or	
23	(3) any person who uses the identifying information for a lawful	
24	purpose.	
25	(c) (d) It is not a defense in a prosecution under subsection (a) or	
26	(b) that no person was harmed or defrauded.	_
27	SECTION 10. IC 35-43-5-4.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	•
28	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	J
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 4.3. (a) As used in this section,	
30	"card skimming device" means a device that is designed to read	
31	information encoded on a credit card. The term includes a device	
32	designed to read, record, or transmit information encoded on a	
33	credit card:	
34	(1) directly from a credit card; or	
35	(2) from another device that reads information directly from	
36	a credit card.	
37	(b) A person who possesses a card skimming device with intent	
38	to commit:	
39	(1) identity deception (IC 35-43-5-3.5);	
40	(2) fraud (IC 35-43-5-4); or	
41	(3) terroristic deception (IC 35-43-5-3.6);	
12	commits unlawful nossassion of a card skimming davica. Unlawful	



A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF	l) or (2)
2 is a Class D felony. Unlawful possession of a card skimming	g device
under subdivision (3) is a Class C felony.	
4 SECTION 11. IC 35-50-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.	
5 SECTION 129, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOI	
6 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as prov	
subsection (i) or (j), in addition to any sentence imposed un	
8 article for a felony or misdemeanor, the court may, as a cond	
9 probation or without placing the person on probation, order the	-
to make restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate	
family of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its res	stitution
order upon a consideration of:	
(1) property damages of the victim incurred as a resul	
crime, based on the actual cost of repair (or replacement	11 repair
is inappropriate);	. C 11:
16 (2) medical and hospital costs incurred by the victim (be	ore the
date of sentencing) as a result of the crime;	
18 (3) the cost of medical laboratory tests to determine if th	
has caused the victim to contract a disease or other in	medical
20 condition;	
(4) earnings lost by the victim (before the date of senten	٠,
22 a result of the crime including earnings lost while the vic	
hospitalized or participating in the investigation or tria	ii oi ine
crime; and	
(5) funeral, burial, or cremation costs incurred by the factor estate of a homicide victim as a result of the crime.	ammy or
	(i) is a
(b) A restitution order under subsection (a), or (i), or judgment lien that:	(j) is a
(1) attaches to the property of the person subject to the o	order:
(1) attaches to the property of the person subject to the or (2) may be perfected;	nuci,
(2) may be perfected, (3) may be enforced to satisfy any payment that is del	linguent
32 under the restitution order by the person in whose favor the	_
is issued or the person's assignee; and	ne order
34 (4) expires;	
in the same manner as a judgment lien created in a civil proce	eeding
(c) When a restitution order is issued under subsection	_
issuing court may order the person to pay the restitution, or pa	
restitution, directly to:	ii oi tiic
(1) the victim services division of the Indiana criminal	l instice
40 institute in an amount not exceeding:	. justice
C	m under
(A) the amount of the award, if any, paid to the victing	



1	(B) the cost of the reimbursements, if any, for emergency
2	services provided to the victim under IC 16-10-1.5 (before its
3	repeal) or IC 16-21-8; or
4	(2) a probation department that shall forward restitution or part of
5	restitution to:
6	(A) a victim of a crime;
7	(B) a victim's estate; or
8	(C) the family of a victim who is deceased.
9	The victim services division of the Indiana criminal justice institute
10	shall deposit the restitution it receives under this subsection in the
11	violent crime victims compensation fund established by IC 5-2-6.1-40.
12	(d) When a restitution order is issued under subsection (a), σ (i), σ
13	(j), the issuing court shall send a certified copy of the order to the clerk
14	of the circuit court in the county where the felony or misdemeanor
15	charge was filed. The restitution order must include the following
16	information:
17	(1) The name and address of the person that is to receive the
18	restitution.
19	(2) The amount of restitution the person is to receive.
20	Upon receiving the order, the clerk shall enter and index the order in
21	the circuit court judgment docket in the manner prescribed by
22	IC 33-32-3-2. The clerk shall also notify the department of insurance
23	of an order of restitution under subsection (i).
24	(e) An order of restitution under subsection (a), or (i), or (j), does
25	not bar a civil action for:
26	(1) damages that the court did not require the person to pay to the
27	victim under the restitution order but arise from an injury or
28	property damage that is the basis of restitution ordered by the
29	court; and
30	(2) other damages suffered by the victim.
31	(f) Regardless of whether restitution is required under subsection (a)
32	as a condition of probation or other sentence, the restitution order is not
33	discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other
34	sentence imposed for a felony or misdemeanor.
35	(g) A restitution order under subsection (a), or (i), or (j), is not
36	discharged by the liquidation of a person's estate by a receiver under
37	IC 32-30-5 (or IC 34-48-1, IC 34-48-4, IC 34-48-5, IC 34-48-6,
38	IC 34-1-12, or IC 34-2-7 before their repeal).
39	(h) The attorney general may pursue restitution ordered by the court
40	under subsections (a) and (c) on behalf of the victim services division
41	of the Indiana criminal justice institute established under IC 5-2-6-8.
42	(i) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under



IC 35-43-9 to make restitution to the victim of the crime. The court shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of money that the convicted person converted, misappropriated, or received, or for which the convicted person conspired. The restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-9 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for a violation of IC 35-43-9.

(j) The court may order the person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 to make restitution to the victim of the crime, the victim's estate, or the family of a victim who is deceased. The court shall base its restitution order upon a consideration of the amount of fraud or harm caused by the convicted person and any reasonable expenses (including lost wages) incurred by the victim in correcting the victim's credit report and addressing any other issues caused by the commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5. If, after a person is sentenced for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, a victim, a victim's estate, or the family of a victim discovers or incurs additional expenses that result from the convicted person's commission of the offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5, the court may issue one (1) or more restitution orders to require the convicted person to make restitution, even if the court issued a restitution order at the time of sentencing. For purposes of entering a restitution order after sentencing, a court has continuing jurisdiction over a person convicted of an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5 for five (5) years after the date of sentencing. Each restitution order issued for a violation of IC 35-43-5-3.5 must comply with subsections (b), (d), (e), and (g), and is not discharged by the completion of any probationary period or other sentence imposed for an offense under IC 35-43-5-3.5.

SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006] (a) IC 35-43-5-3.5, as amended by this act, and IC 35-43-5-4.3, as added by this act, apply only to crimes committed after June 30, 2006.

(b) IC 35-50-5-3, as amended by this act, applies only to persons sentenced after June 30, 2006.



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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security, to which was referred House Bill 1101, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 4-1-11-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.91-2005, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "personal information" means either of the following:

- (1) With respect to an individual's: individual:
 - (A) the individual's:
 - (i) first name and last name; or (B)
 - (ii) first initial and last name; and
 - (2) (B) at least one (1) of the following data elements:
 - (A) (i) The individual's Social Security number.
 - (B) (ii) The individual's driver's license number or identification card number.
 - (C) (iii) Account number, credit card number, debit card number, security code, access code, or password of an the individual's financial account.
- (2) Information collected for the purpose of issuing a license or permit to a person that allows the person to engage in specific employment or perform a specific task in relation to employment in Indiana and that is:
 - (A) required to be submitted as part of a license or permit application; or
 - (B) gathered as part of the license or permit application screening or approval process.
- (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) The last four (4) digits of an individual's Social Security number.
 - (2) Publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the public from records of a federal agency or local agency.
 - (3) If a person has had a license or permit revoked, restricted, or suspended due to an action by the person that makes the person no longer suitable to hold an unrestricted license or permit, the:
 - (A) person's full legal name;
 - (B) person's city of residence;
 - (C) type of license or permit held by the person; and
 - (D) facts that caused the person's license or permit to be

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revoked, restricted, or suspended.".

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 22.

Page 2, line 25, delete "confidential." and insert "confidential for purposes of IC 5-14-3-4.".

Page 2, delete lines 26 through 31.

Page 4, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(10) A person who engages in the business of waste collection, except to the extent the person holds a customer's personal information directly in connection with the business of waste collection.
- (11) A person who maintains and complies with a disposal program under:
 - (A) the federal USA Patriot Act (P.L.107-56);
 - (B) Executive Order 13224;
 - (C) the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act (18 U.S.C. 2721 et seq.);
 - (D) the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.);
 - (E) the federal Financial Modernization Act of 1999 (15 U.S.C. 6801 et seq.); or
 - (F) the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (P.L.104-191);

if applicable.".

Page 4, line 33, after "who" insert ":".

Page 4, between lines 34 and 35, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(1) has:
 - (A) received; or
 - (B) contracted for;

the direct or indirect provision of goods or services from another person holding the person's personal information; or (2) provides the person's personal information to another person in connection with a transaction with a nonprofit corporation or charitable organization."

Page 4, delete lines 34 through 37.

Page 4, line 38, delete "holding the customer's personal information.".

Page 4, line 38, beginning with "The" begin a new line blocked left.

Page 5, line 15, delete "IC 4-1-11-3." and insert "IC 24-4.9-2-10.".

Page 6, line 31, delete "IC 28-1-1-3;" and insert "IC 28-1-1-3, other than a consumer finance institution licensed to make supervised or

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regulated loans under IC 24-4.5;".

Page 9, line 34, after "Notice" insert "or the Guidance on Response Programs for Unauthorized Access to Member Information and Member Notice, as applicable,".

Page 10, between lines 19 and 20, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 35-32-2-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: **Sec. 6. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a person who commits the offense of identity deception may be tried in a county in which:**

- (1) the victim resides; or
- (2) the person:
 - (A) obtains;
 - (B) possesses;
 - (C) transfers; or
 - (D) uses;

the information used to commit the offense.

- (b) If:
 - (1) a person is charged with more than one (1) offense of identity deception; and
 - (2) either:
 - (A) the victims of the crimes reside in more than one (1) county; or
 - (B) the person performs an act described in subsection (a)(2) in more than one (1) county;

the person may be tried in any county described in subdivision (2).

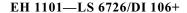
SECTION 8. IC 35-41-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2005,
SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "Indiana" includes:

- (1) the area within the boundaries of the state of Indiana, as set forth in Article 14, Section 1 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana:
- (2) the portion of the Ohio River on which Indiana possesses concurrent jurisdiction with the state of Kentucky under Article
- 14, Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana; and
- (3) the portion of the Wabash River on which Indiana possesses concurrent jurisdiction with the state of Illinois under Article 14, Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (b) A person may be convicted under Indiana law of an offense if:
 - (1) either the conduct that is an element of the offense, the result that is an element, or both, occur in Indiana;
 - (2) conduct occurring outside Indiana is sufficient under Indiana law to constitute an attempt to commit an offense in Indiana;











- (3) conduct occurring outside Indiana is sufficient under Indiana law to constitute a conspiracy to commit an offense in Indiana, and an overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy occurs in Indiana;
- (4) conduct occurring in Indiana establishes complicity in the commission of, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit, an offense in another jurisdiction that also is an offense under Indiana law;
- (5) the offense consists of the omission to perform a duty imposed by Indiana law with respect to domicile, residence, or a relationship to a person, thing, or transaction in Indiana;
- (6) conduct that is an element of the offense or the result of conduct that is an element of the offense, or both, involve the use of the Internet or another computer network (as defined in IC 35-43-2-3) and access to the Internet or other computer network occurs in Indiana; or
- (7) conduct:
 - (A) involves the use of:
 - (i) the Internet or another computer network (as defined in IC 35-43-2-3); or
 - (ii) another form of electronic communication;
 - (B) occurs outside Indiana and the victim of the offense resides in Indiana at the time of the offense; and
 - (C) is sufficient under Indiana law to constitute an offense in Indiana.
- (c) When the offense is homicide, either the death of the victim or bodily impact causing death constitutes a result under subsection (b)(1). If the body of a homicide victim is found in Indiana, it is presumed that the result occurred in Indiana.
- (d) If the offense is identity deception, the lack of the victim's consent constitutes conduct that is an element of the offense under subsection (b)(1). If a victim of identity deception resides in Indiana when a person knowingly or intentionally obtains, possesses, transfers, or uses the victim's identifying information, it is presumed that the conduct that is the lack of the victim's consent occurred in Indiana."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1101 as introduced.)

RUPPEL, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

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SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Steele be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1101.

HERSHMAN

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters, to which was referred House Bill No. 1101, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 4, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) If a hospital governing board has two (2) physician members under IC 16-22-2-7 or IC 16-22-2-8, only one (1) physician member must be an active member of the medical staff of the hospital or hold a position that is equivalent to being an active member of the medical staff of the hospital."

Page 8, line 13, after "(a)" insert "to more than one thousand (1,000) consumers".

Page 8, line 14, delete "1681a)" and insert "1681a(p))".

Page 10, line 26, delete "any or all" and insert "either or both".

Page 10, delete lines 30 through 34.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1101 as printed January 20, 2006.)

LONG, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.











SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 1, delete "Information collected for the purpose of issuing a license" and insert "The following information collected, submitted, or gathered as part of a license or permit application:

- (A) An individual's date of birth.
- (B) The name of an individual's minor child.
- (C) A confidential medical record.
- (D) Any information described in subdivision (1)(B)(i) through (1)(B)(iii).".

Page 2, delete lines 2 through 8.

Page 2, delete lines 14 through 22.

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as printed February 10, 2006.)

HERSHMAN

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 6, line 27, after "person." insert "The term includes the unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that have been transferred to another medium, including paper, microfilm, or a similar medium, even if the transferred data are no longer in a computerized format.".

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as printed February 10, 2006.)

YOUNG R MICHAEL

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 10, line 32, delete "either" and insert "any".

Page 10, line 32, delete "both" and insert "all".

Page 10, between lines 35 and 36, begin a new line block indented and insert:

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- "(3) The attorney general's reasonable costs in:
 - (A) the investigation of the deceptive act; and
 - (B) maintaining the action.".

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as printed February 10, 2006.)

BRAY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 5, line 37, after "Sec. 7." insert "(a)".

Page 5, delete line 40.

Page 5, line 41, delete "(2)" and insert "(1)".

Page 5, line 42, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 6, line 1, delete "(4)" and insert "(3)".

Page 6, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) For purposes of this article, personal information is "redacted" if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that not more than five (5) digits of a social security number are accessible as part of personal information.".

Page 7, line 36, after "Sec. 11." insert "(a)".

Page 7, delete line 39.

Page 7, line 40, delete "(2)" and insert "(1)".

Page 7, line 41, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 7, line 42, delete "(4)" and insert "(3)".

Page 8, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) For purposes of this article, personal information is "redacted" if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that not more than five (5) digits of a social security number are accessible as part of personal information."

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as printed February 10, 2006.)

HERSHMAN



SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101, which is eligible for third reading, be returned to second reading for purposes of amendment.

HERSHMAN

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 4-1-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]:

Chapter 12. Confidential Information

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "gaming commission" refers to the Indiana gaming commission established by IC 4-33-3-1.
- Sec. 2. The following information submitted, collected, or gathered as part of an application to the gaming commission for a license is confidential for purposes of IC 5-14-3-4:
 - (1) Any information concerning a minor child of an applicant.
 - (2) The Social Security number of an applicant or the spouse of an applicant.
 - (3) The home telephone number of an applicant or the spouse of an applicant.
 - (4) An applicant's birth certificate.
 - (5) An applicant's driver's license number.
 - (6) The name or address of a previous spouse of the applicant.
 - (7) The date of birth of the spouse of an applicant.
 - (8) The place of birth of the spouse of an applicant.
 - (9) The personal financial records of the spouse or minor child of an applicant.".

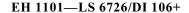
Page 3, line 34, delete "only".

Page 3, line 35, after "board" insert "only".

Page 5, line 34, delete "article," and insert "chapter,".

Page 5, line 36, delete "social security" and insert "Social Security".

Page 7, line 42, delete "social security" and insert "Social Security".





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Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as reprinted February 24, 2006.)

HERSHMAN

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Lanane be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1101.

HERSHMAN

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1101 be recommitted to a Committee of One, consisting of Senator Hershman, with specific instruction to amend said bill as follows:

Page 1, line 1, delete "4-1-12" and insert "4-33-5-1.5".

Page 1, line 2, delete "CHAPTER" and insert "SECTION".

Page 1, delete lines 4 through 6.

Page 1, line 7, delete "Sec. 2." and insert "Sec. 1.5".

Page 1, line 8, delete "gaming".

Page 2, line 5, after "of" insert "an applicant or".

Page 2, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 4-33-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other law, upon written request from a person, the commission shall provide the following information to the person:

- (1) Except as provided in section 1.5 of this chapter, the information provided under section 1 of this chapter concerning a licensee or an applicant.
- (2) The amount of the wagering tax and admission tax paid daily to the state by a licensed owner or an operating agent.
- (3) A copy of a letter providing the reasons for the denial of an owner's license or an operating agent's contract.
- (4) A copy of a letter providing the reasons for the commission's refusal to allow an applicant to withdraw the applicant's application.".

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Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1101 as reprinted March 2, 2006.)

HERSHMAN

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: Your Committee of One, to which was referred Engrossed House Bill 1101, begs leave to report that said Bill has been amended as directed.

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: Your Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure, to which was referred the Motion to recommit Engrossed House Bill 1101, to a Committee of One, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said Motion be adopted.

GARTON, Chairperson

V

